

#### MICROPROCESSOR BASED DIGITAL ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER

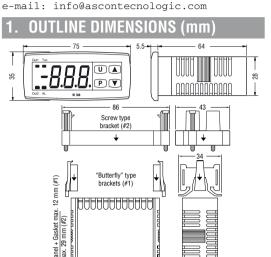


# **Quick Guide**

19/06 - Code: ISTR\_Q\_R38-\_E\_02\_--

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### **1.1 Mounting requirements**

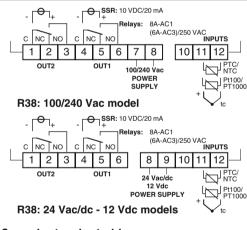
This instrument is intended for permanent installation, for indoor use only, in an electrical panel which encloses the rear housing, exposed terminals and wiring on the back.

Select a mounting location having the following characteristics:

- It should be easily accessible; - There is minimum vibrations and no impact;
- There are no corrosive gases;
- There are no water or other fluids (i.e. condensation);
- The ambient temperature is in accordance with the operative temperature (0 ÷ 50°C);
- The relative humidity is in accordance with the instrument specifications (20 ÷ 85%).

The instrument can be mounted on panel (thickness 12 or 29 mm max.). When the maximum front protection (IP65) is desired, the optional screw type bracket (#2) must be mounted.

## CONNECTION DIAGRAM



### General notes about wiring

- Do not run input wires together with power cables;
- External components (like zener barriers, etc.) connected between sensor and input terminals may cause errors in measurement due to excessive and/or not balanced line resistance or possible leakage currents;
- When a shielded cable is used, the shield should be connected to earth at one point only; Pay attention to the line resistance; a high line resistance
- may cause measurement errors.

# 2.1 Output

## **Outputs Safety notes**

- To avoid electrical shocks, connect the supply cables at the end of the wiring procedure; For supply connections use 16 AWG or larger wires rated
- for at last 75°C; - Use copper conductors only;
  - SSR (Solid State Relay) Outputs are NOT isolated. A double or reinforced isolation between instrument output and power supply must be assured by the external solid state relay.

#### 2.1.1 Output 1

Relay		
	Contact rating:	8 A /250 V cosφ =1;
4 5 6		3 A /250 V cosφ =0.4;
C NC NO	Operations:	1 x 10⁵.
SSR		
- []+	Logic level 0:	Vout < 0.5 Vdc;
4 5 6	Logic level 1:	12 V ±20% @ 1 mA;
		10 V ±20% @ 20 mA.
2.1.2 0	utput 2	
Relay		
	Contact rating:	8 A /250 V cosφ = 1;
1 2 3		$3 \text{ A} / 250 \text{ V} \cos \varphi = 0.4;$
C NC NO	Operations:	1 x 10⁵.
000		
SSR		
- 107+	Logic level 0:	Vout < 0.5 Vdc;
-	Logic level 0: Logic level 1:	Vout < 0.5 Vdc; 12 V ±20% @ 1 mA;

1 2 3	Logic level 1:	12 V ±20% @ 1 mA;
		10 V ±20% @ 20 mA.
2.1.3	Power Supply	

# 100 ÷ 240 Vac

Power consumption: 3.6 VA max. 7 Power

Supply voltage: 100 ÷ 240 VAC/DC (+10%) supply 8

#### 12 Vdc - 24 Vac/dc

Power consumption: 1.44 W (12 V), 8 - Power 3.15VA (24 V) max.; \_ supply 9 Supply voltage: 12 VDC (-15 ÷ +10%) 24 VAC/DC (-15 ÷ +10%)

Notes: 1. Before connecting the instrument to the electrical supply, make sure that line voltage is equal to the

- voltage shown on the identification label; 2. Do not place signal cables parallelly or next to
- power cables or to noise sources; The power supply input is NOT fuse protected.
- Please, provide a T type 1A, 250 V fuse externally;
- 4. The DC power supply is not polarized.

# **3. TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

## 3.1 Technical specifications

Case: Plastic, self-extinguishing degree: V-0 according to UL 94. Front protection: IP 65 (when the screw type bracket is mounted) for indoor locations according to EN 60070-1 Rear terminals protection: IP 20 according to EN 60070-1.

Installation: Panel mounting.

Terminal block: 11 screw terminals (screw M3, for cables of  $0.25 \div 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$  or from 22 AWG to 14 AWG).

Dimensions: 75 x 33 mm, depth 75.5 mm.

**Cutout:** 71 ( $-0 \div +0.5 \text{ mm}$ ) x 29 ( $-0 \div +0.5 \text{ mm}$ ).

Weight: 180 g approximately. Insulation voltage: 2300 V rms according to EN 61010-1.

Display: One 3 digits red display h 12 mm.

Display updating time: 500 ms.

Sampling time: 130 ms.

Resolution: 20000 counts.

Total Accuracy: ±0.5% F.S.V. ±1 digit @ 25°C of room temperature

#### Electromagnetic compatbility and safety requirements:

Compliance: EMC directive 2004/108/CE (EN 61326-1), LV directive 2006/95/CE (EN 61010-1).

Installation category: II.

Pollution category: 2. Temperature drift: Is part of the global accuracy.

**Operating temperature:**  $0 \div 50^{\circ}$ C (32 ÷ 122°F). Storage temperature:  $-30 \div +70^{\circ}C$  ( $-22 \div 158^{\circ}F$ ). Humidity: 20 ÷ 85% RH, non condensing

# 4. HOW TO ORDER

- Model R38 -Controller = Controller with S-touch keyboard R38S =
  - (capacitive keyboard)

# 5. CONFIGURATION PROCEDURES

# 5.1 Introduction

When the instrument is powered, it initially works according to the parameter values loaded in its memory.

The instruments behavior and its performance are governed by the value of the memorized parameters. At the first start up the instrument will use a "default" param-

Press key. The display shows r.P. Press  $(\mathbf{P})$  key again. The display shows  $\mathcal{Q}$ .

the parameter code and its value.

pushing **P** key again.

shows - P again.

2.A)

2.B)

a. b. c. d.

Þ

٢ Ť

ment shows D.

password and press **P** again.

modify the PP parameter.

password with exception of the set point 1.

PP parameter, follow this procedure:

flashing = protected by password).

here all other parameters can be viewed.

Exit from configuration mode.

shows -P

shows D.

Password.

c.1)

c.2)

With the  $\mathbf{A}/\mathbf{V}$  keys, program the password and confirm it

the code that identifies the first configuration parameter.

a) Once entered into the configuration parameters, select

b) Press P key. The instrument alternatively displays

c) Modify the parameter value using the  $\mathbf{A}/\mathbf{\nabla}$  keys.

d) Press **P** key to store the new value. The display

returns to display the code of the selected parameter.

Note: The instrument shows the parameters applicable to

with the alarm 1 will be skipped]

around 30 s, or press  $\frown$  key for around 5 s.

24.5 Normal Mode

-(P)-

and then exit from parameters programming.

Password

request

r.P.

e) With the 🚺 / 🖤 keys, it is therefore possible to select

another parameter and to modify it as described at points

the hardware options in accordance with the specific

instrument configuration [i.e. setting "AL1t - Alarm 1

To exit from the programming mode do not touch any key for

5.5 Parameter protection through a password

The instrument has a function that protects the parameters

through a password, programmable through parameter PP.

parameter to the number you would like to be your password

When the protection is active, to be able to have access to the

Afterwards, the display shows *c.P.*, press **P** again, the instru-

Now, through the 🔊 and 💌 keys, set the number of your

If the password is correct the display shows the code that identi-

fies the first parameter and it will be possible to program it with

This allows to access the protected parameters and verify/

the same procedure as described on the previous paragraph.

5.6 Customized parameters programming

(levels of parameters programming)

The factory programming hides all the parameters behind the

If you wish to modify some parameters, maintaining the

protection on the others, after setting the Password through

a) Enter the programming through the Password

The Set LED is flashing.

The parameter is protected by the password.

b) Select the parameter to be programmable without

The Set LED is lit but not flashing.

To modify the level of access of the parameter (in other words:

The parameter is not protected by the password.

to have the parameter protected or not by the password)

press the  $\mathbf{P}$  key and keeping it pressed press the  $\mathbf{A}$  key.

The Set LED will change its state, pointing out the new level

If the Password is enabled and some parameters have been

instrument will first display all the parameters set as "not pro-

*tected*" and then the *-P* parameter. By entering the password

5.7 Factory Reset (load default parameters)

It is possible to restore the instruments factory configuration. To

load the factory default parameter settings, proceed as follows:

If no password is programmed, set PP different from D.

Release the **P** button and push it again. The display

Press the **P** button for more than 7 seconds. The display

- Enter in configuration mode (see 5.4 paragraph).

set as "not protected", entering the programming mode the

of accessibility of the parameter (switched on = not protected:

The password protection is disabled when  $PP = \rho F$ 

If the password is forgotten, use password - 18.

parameters, press the **P** key and keep it pressed for about 5 s.

If you wish to have this protection, you must set the PP

type" equal to  $\neg \Box \neg E$  (not used), all parameters related

Insert password

Increase value

0.

Decrease value

Password OK

Parameters (Program mode

SPL.

the parameter to be modified using the  $\mathbf{A}/\mathbf{V}$  keys.

If the password is correct, the instrument shows

If the password is not correct, the instrument

Note: The factory default password is 2 (no password).

eter set (factory parameter set); this set is a generic one (e.g. a TC J input is programmed).

We recommend that you modify the parameters to suit your application (e.g. set the right input type, Control strategy and define an alarm, etc.).

To change these parameters you will need to enter the "Configuration procedure"

### 5.2 Instrument behaviour at Power ON

At power up the instrument can start in one of the following modes depending on its configuration: Auto mode

- The display will show the measured value; The instrument performs the standard loop control.

#### Stand by mode (St.bY)

- The display shows alternately the measured value and the message 5Eby or od;
- The instrument performs no control (the outputs are OFF); - The instrument is working as an indicator.
- We define the above conditions as "Standard Display".

## 5.3 Front Panel Description



1. Key (P)

- Pressed for 5 s, it allows access to the parameters programming mode
- In programming mode, it is used for the change of the parameters and for the confirmation of the values.
- Still in programming mode, it can be used together with the key to modify the level of access (operator level or configuration level) of the selected parameter.
- During the normal functioning (not in programming phase), pressed together with the 🚺 key for 5 s, it allows to lock and unlock the keyboard.
- During the normal functioning (not in programming phase), pressed together with the  $\mathbf{U}$  key for 5 s, it allows the reset or the acknowledgement of the alarms.

#### 2. Key 💌

In programming mode, it is used for to decrease the values to be programmed and for the selection of the parameters. During the normal functioning (not in programming phase), quickly pressed, it allows to visualize and to modify the value of the set point

#### 3. Key 🛦

- In programming mode, it is used to increase the values to be programmed and for the selection of the parameters
- Kept pressed for 3 s in programming mode it can be
- used to exit from it and return to the normal functioning. Still in the programming mode, it can be used together with the **P** key, to modify the level of access (operator
- level or configuration level) of the selected parameter. Pressed together with the  $\mathbf{P}$  key for 5 s, it unlocks the keyboard, when previously locked.
- During the normal functioning (not in programming phase), quickly pressed, it allows to visualize the output power.

#### 4. Key (U)

- If programmed through parameter  $\_\_BF$ , pressed for 1 s in the normal functioning mode, it allows the switch on/ off (Stand-by) or to perform one of the possible functions (to start a cycle of Autotuning, etc.).
- During the normal functioning (not in programming phase), pressed together with the **P** key for 5 s, it allows the reset or the aknowledgement of the alarms

## 5. LED Set

In programming mode, it is used for indicating the level of programming of parameters. If  $\Box \Box F = 5 \Box \Box$ , when the instrument is in Stand-by

In normal functioning mode, it flashes when a key is

pressed to indicates the pressure has happend on the key.

It indicates the Out1 condition ( compressor or tempera-

ture control device) activated (on), deactivated (off) or

#### Thermocouple Input



**External resistance:**  $100\Omega$  max.. error 0.5% of span max.. Cold junction: Automatic compensation from 0 to 50°C. Cold junction accuracy: 0.1°C/°C after a warm-up of 20 minutes. Input impedance: > 1 M $\Omega$ .

Calibration: According to EN 60584-1.

Note: Por TC wiring use proper compensating cable preferable shielded

## 2.1.2 PT100 Input



Input circuit: Current injection (135 µA). Line resistance: Not compensated. Calibration: According to EN 60751/A2.

2.1.3 PTC/NTC/PT1000 Input



Input circuit: Current injection (25µA) Line resistance: Not compensated.

a = Power supplyF = 12 VDC not isolatedL = 24 VAC/DCH = 100 240 VAC/DC	7. LED - It 8. LED - It
b = Analoue input     F = TC J or K     A = PT100     T = PTC, NTC or PT1000	5.4 EI Press (F Conditio The instr
c = Output 1   R = Relè SPDT 8A-AC1   0 = VDC for SSR	Mantaini The LED Keep the (lock OF
d = Output 2   - = Not available   R = SPDT 8A-AC1 relay   O = VDC for SSR	Now rele Note: If pr
_ <b>富 由 亡 由</b>	Conditio

**Note:** The screw type bracket # 2 (necessary to obtain the IP65 front protection) and other options can be requested to our sales offices.

Out2

inhibited (flashing).

indicates the Out2 condition.

mode, it remains the only lit LED.

Tun

6. LED Out1

indicates the Autotuning is in progress.

## Entering the configuration parameters

**P** kev and keep it pressed. on 1:

trument shows L 🛛 (lock ON). The keyboard is locked. ning the pressure on the P key, also press the 🚺 key. O Set begins to flash.

e pressure on the two keys until the display shows L F FF).

lease the keys. The keyboard is now unlocked.

no button is pressed for a time longer than the time programmed with the L p parameter, the key lock will be automatically enabled

#### on 2:

The instrument displays no message. In this situation we can have 2 different cases:

Case 1: The parameters protection (password) is not active. Press P key and keep it pressed for around 5 seconds The display shows the code of the first configuration parameter. With the  $\mathbf{A}/\mathbf{V}$  keys, select the parameter to be edited. Case 2: The parameters protection (password) is active. Press **P** key and keep it pressed for more than 5 seconds. The display shows the code that identifies the first parameter that has been moved into the Operator level.

Using the  $\bigwedge$  and  $\bigtriangledown$  buttons set the value - 48 Once the password has been confirmed by pressing the P key, the display shows for approximatively 2 s "- - -", the instruments then runs through the start up procedure resetting all the parameters to the factory defaults.

# 5.8 ON/Stand-By function

When supplied, the instrument can assume 2 different conditions:

- Means that the controller activates the programmed ON: control functions.
- STAND-BY: Means that the controller activates no control functions and the control outputs are forced to zero (the display results switched ON or OFF according to the  $\_b$ F parameter setting).

The controller starts in the same way it was before the switch OFF. The ON/STAND-BY condition can be selected pressing the **U** key for 1 s.

The passage from STAND-BY to ON condition, does not activate the Soft-start (or  $\Box d$ ) or the Autotuning and hides the alarms. When the instrument is in STAND-BY mode with the display on the display alternates between the measure value and 5E.B. When the instrument is in STAND-BY with display OFF, the display is completely dark except for the decimal point of the LSD [Set LED (5)].

When the instrument is in STAND-BY mode (display ON or OFF) it is however possible to enter the parameters programming.

#### 5.9 Configuring all the parameters

In the following pages we describe all the instrument parameters. However, the controller shows the parameters applicable to the hardware options in accordance with the specific instrument configuration [i.e. setting "o2F - Alarm 2 function" equal to nonE (not used), all parameters related with that alarm will be skipped].

#### [1] SPL - Minimum Set Point value

Range: From -99.9 to SPH engineering units.

#### [2] SPH - Maximum Set Point value

Range: From SPL to 999 engineering units.

## [3] SP1 - Set Point

Range: From SPL to SPH engineering units.

## [4] SP2 - Second Set Point

When 2 control outputs are programmed with ON/OFF action, the instrument uses SP1 to command OUT1 and SP2 (see

following parameter) to command OUT2. Available: When Out2 has been programmed as control output.

Range: From SPL to SPH engineering units.

#### [5] AL - Alarm threshold

Available: When Out2 has been programmed as alarm.

Range: -99.9 ÷ 999 engineering units.

#### [6] tun - Autotuning

- Available: When o1 F = PID
- **Range:** ALL = the Autotuning is performed at every start up and parameters Pb. Ti and Td are hidden  $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{onE}}$  = The Autotuning is performed only at the next start up

**ub** = Manual start of the Autotuning through **U** key (parameters Pb, Ti and Td are visible).

Note: When the Autotuning and the soft start, or the delay at the start up, have been programmed, the instrument performs first the soft start (with the parameters it has in memory) and then performs the Autotuning.

## [7] Pb - Proportional band

Available: When o1F = PID and tun = ub. Range: 1 ÷ 999 engineering units.

[8] ti - Integral time Available: When o1F = PID and tun = ub.

Range: OFF (excluded)/1 ÷ 500 seconds.

#### [9] td - Derivative time

Available: When o1F = PID and tun = ub. Range: OFF (excluded)/1 ÷ 200 seconds.

### [10] SEn - Input type

Model	Selection	Sensor	Measuring range	
	J.C	TC J	-40 ÷ 999°C	
	Ca.C	TC K	-40 ÷ 999°C	
Ir .	J.F	TC J	-40 ÷ 999°F	
	Ca.F	TC K	-40 ÷ 999°F	
А	Pt.C	PT 100	-50.0 ÷ 850°C (autoranging)	
А	Pt.F	PT 100	-58.0 ÷ 999°F (autoranging)	
	nC.C	NTC	-50.0 ÷ 109°C (autoranging)	
	PC.C	PTC	-50.0 ÷ 150°C (autoranging)	
т	nC.F	NTC	-58.0 ÷ 228°F (autoranging)	
1	PC.F	PTC	-58.0 ÷ 302°F (autoranging)	
	P1.C	Pt 1000	-50.0 ÷ 850°C (autoranging)	
	P1.F	Pt 1000	-58.0 ÷ 999°F (autoranging)	

#### [11] dP - Decimal point

- **Range: YES** = Autoranging display;
- **nO** = display without decimal point.
- [12] CA Offset on the displayed value
- Range: -300 ÷ 300 engineering units.
- [13] Ft Filter on the displayed value
- Range: 0 (excluded)/1 ÷ 20 seconds.

#### [14] o1F - Out1 function

**Range:** H.rE = PID control with heating action (reverse); **C.rE** = **PID** control with cooling action (direct); **on.H** = **ON/OFF** control with heating action (reverse); **on.C** = **ON/OFF** control with cooling action (direct).

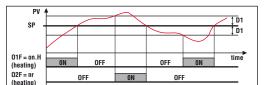
#### [15] tr1 - Out1 cycle time

Range: 1 ÷ 250 seconds.

## [16] o2F - Out2 function

Range: When o1F is equal to H.rE or C.rE:

- **no** = Not used: **HAL** = Absolute high alarm;
- **LAL** = Absolute low alarm;
- **b.AL** = Band alarm (simmetric to the set point);
- **dHA** = Deviation high alarm;
- **dLA** = Deviation low alarm.
- When o1F = on.H or on.C:
- **no** = Not used:
- **HAL** = Absolute high alarm; **LAL** = Absolute low alarm:
- **b.AL** = Band alarm (simmetric to the set point);
- **dHA** = Deviation high alarm ;



#### Table of the possible combinations

01F	02F	Displayed parameters		
H.rE	H.AL, L.AL, b.AL, dHA, dLA	SP1, AL		
C.rE	H.AL, L.AL, b.AL, dHA, dLA	SP1, AL		
on.H	H.AL, L.AL, b.AL, dHA, dLA	SP1, AL		
	SP.C, SP.H	SP1, SP2		
	Nr	SP1 only		
on.C	H.AL, L.AL, b.AL, dHA, dLA	SP1, AL		
	SP.C, SP.H	SP1, SP2		
	Nr	SP1 only		

#### [17] d1 - Out1 hysteresis or neutral zone

Available: When Out1 is equal to hn.H or on.C. Range: 0.1 ÷ 999 engineering units.

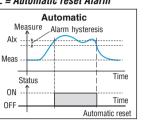
## [18] d2 - Out2 hysteresis

Available: When o2F is different from nr. Range: 0.1 ÷ 999 engineering units.

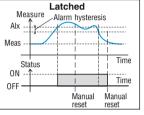
[19] AL.F - Alarm function

Available: When o2F is programmed as alarm output. Range: AL = Automatic reset Alarm; **AL.n** = Latched Alarm;

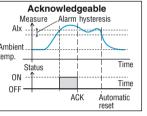
AL.A = Aknowledgeable Alarm. AL = Automatic reset Alarm



# AL.n = Latched Alarm



#### AL.a = Acknowledged Alarm



#### [20] AL.t - Inhibition time of the alarm at start up or after a Set Point change

Range: 0 = OFF (any hidding)/0.01 ÷ 9.59 hh.mm. Note: When the measure reaches the alarm threshold, the instrument disables the hidding of the alarm.

#### [21] Pct - Compressor protection time

The protection prevents the output cycling and therefore reduces relay wear by waiting for the time setting to elapse before allowing a subsequent switching of the output. In other words, it defines the minimum time that will pass between the switch off of a cooling output and its following reactivation. Available: When at least one output is programmed as

cooling output. Range: 0 (OFF)/0.01 ÷ 9.59 hh.mm.

- Note: This parameter has effect to ALL the cooling outputs.
- [22] SSt Soft start time
- Range: 0 (OFF)/0.01 ÷ 9.59 hh.mm.
- Note: When the control type is ON/OFF, the time of the soft start becomes an output time delay, the power is forced to 0 and the parameter SSP is hidden.

# [23] SSP - Power during Soft Start

- Available: When Sst is different from 0.
- Range: 0 ÷ 100%.
- **Note:** If programmed = 0, also the alarms and/or the second control output remains = 0 and the instrument displays ad for the programmed time.

# [24] ub.F - (U) key function

#### **Range: no** = No function;

6. ERROR MESSAGES

#### 6.1 Out of range signals

The display shows the OVER-RANGE and UNDERRANGE conditions with the following indications: Over range Under range

7. GENERAL NOTES

considered as a improper use.

with additional safety devices.

7.2 Warranty and Repairs

replacement of the instrument.

warranty's effects.

to our company.

agreements

is perfectly dry.

7.3 Disposal

Range

-99.9 ÷ SPH E.U.

SPL ÷ 999 E.U

SPL ÷ SPH E.U

SPL ÷ SPH E.U.

-99.9 ÷ 999 E.U.

onE

ub

1 ÷ 999 E.U.

0 (OFF)/1 ÷ 500 seconds

0 (OFF)/1 ÷ 200 seconds

TC J (°C)

CA.C TC K (°C) JF TC J (°F)

CA.F TC K (°F)

Pt.C PT 100 (°C)

Pt.F PT 100 (°F)

nC.C NTC (°C)

PC.C PTC (°C)

nC.F NTC (°F) PC.F PTC (°F)

no

no

P1C PT 1000 (°C)

P1F PT 1000 (°F

-300 ÷ 300 E.U.

0 (OFF)/1 ÷ 20 s

1 ÷ 250 seconds

Not used

YES Autoranging visualization

H.rE PID control with heating action

**C.rE** PID control with cooling action

on H ON/OFF control with heating action

on.C ON/OFF control with cooling action

Visualization with no decimal point

ALL Performed at every start up

Performed at the first start up

Performed when **U** key is pressed

Every possible use not described in this manual must be

This instrument is in compliance with EN 61010-1 "Safety re-

quirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control

and laboratory use"; for this reason it must not be used as a

Ascon Tecnologic S.r.l. and its legal representatives do not

assume any responsibility for any damage to people, things

or animals deriving from violation, wrong or improper use or

in any case not in compliance with the instrument's features.

A Whenever a failure or a malfunction of the control device

We warrant that the products will be free from defects in mate-

rial and workmanship for 18 months from the date of delivery.

Products and components that are subject to wear due to

conditions of use, service life, and misuse are not covered

by this warranty. The warranty is limited to repairs or to the

The tampering of the instrument or an improper use of the

In the event of a faulty instrument, either within the period

of warranty or further to its expiry, please contact our sales

department to obtain authorisation for sending the instrument

The faulty product must be shipped to Ascon Tecnologic with

a detailed description of the faults found, without any fees or

Before supplying tension to the instrument, make sure that it

The appliance (or the product) must be

Default

-99

999

0

onE

50

100

25

J.C

Pt.C

nC.C

no

0

0

HrE

30

Prot.

Yes

Yes

No

Yes

disposed of separately in compliance

with the local standards in force on

waste disposa

charge for Ascon Tecnologic, except in the event of alternative

product will bring about the immediate withdrawal of the

may cause dangerous situations for persons, thing or ani-

mals, please remember that the plant has to be equipped

7.1 Proper use

safety equipment.

000 UUU

The sensor break will be signaled as follows: Sensor break

- - -

- Note: When an over-range or an under-range is detected, the alarms operate as in presence of the maximum or the minimum measurable value respectively.
- To check the out of span Error condition, proceed as follows:
- **1.** Check the input signal source and the connecting line;
- Make sure that the input signal is in accordance with the 2. instrument configuration. Otherwise, modify the input configuration (see section 4).
- If no error is detected, send the instrument to your supplier to be checked.

### 6.2 List of possible errors

AtE - Auto-tune not finished within 12 hours.

- EPr Possible problem of the instrument memory.
- The messages disappear automatically.

8. PARAMETER TABLES

Set point

Second Set Point

Alarm threshold

Proportional Band

Autotunina

Integral time

Input type

F type

A type

T type

Decimal point

Out1 function

Out1 cycle time

Out2 Function

Offset on the displayed value

Filter on the displayed value

Derivative time

Description

Minimum Set Point value

Maximum Set Point value

Par.

SPL

SPH

SP1

SP2

AL

tun

Pb

ti

td

SEn

DP

CA

Ft

01F

tr1

o2F

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no.

When the error continues, send the instrument to your supplier.

**dLA** = Deviation low alarm: **SP.C** = SP2 - ON /OFF control with cooling action ; SP.H = SP2 - ON /OFF control with heating action ; nr = ON/OFF Neutral Zone [o2F will make the opposite action to the one programmed on o1F, while the hysteresis (parameter d1) becomes the neutral zone].

**Note:** The Neutral Zone functioning is used to control the plants with an element that causes a positive increase (ex. Heating, Humidifying etc.) and an element that causes a negative increase (ex. Cooling, Dehumidifying etc.).

The control works on the programmed outputs depending on the measure, on the active Set point "SP", and on the programmed hysteresis "d1".

The controller works in the following way: it switches OFF the outputs when the process value reaches the Set Point and activates the heating output when the process value is lower than [SP - d1], or it switches on the cooling output when the process value is higher than [SP + d1].

Accordingly, the element that causes the positive increase must be connected to the output programmed as heating, while the element of negative increase must be connected to the output programmed as cooling.

Tun = It activates the manual tuning; **Sb** = Stand-by mode; **Sb.o** = Stand-By mode with display off. [25] PP - Parameters protection Password Range: 1 ÷ 999 [26] Lo - Time for the Key lock automatic enable This parameter allows to set the time that the instrument will wait before to automatically enable the key lock. The time count will re-start after a key pressure. Range: 0 (lock disabled)/1 ÷ 30 minutes.

26	Lo	Key lock time out	0 (key lock disabled)/1 ÷ 30 min	0	Yes
25	PP	Protection Password	1 ÷ 999	0	Yes
24	UbF	U key function	no No function Tun It activates the manual tuning Sb Stand-by mode Sb.o Stand-By mode with display off	tun	Yes
23	SSP	Power during Soft Start	0 ÷ 100%	0	Yes
22	Sst	Soft start time	0 (OFF)/0.01 ÷ 9.59 hh.mm	0	Yes
21	Pct	Compressor protection time	0 (OFF)/0.01 ÷ 9.59 hh.mm	0	Yes
20	ALt	Alarm inhibition time at start up or after a set point change	0 (OFF)/0.01 ÷ 9.59 hh.mm	0	Yes
19	ALF	Alarm function	AL Automatic reset Alarm AL.n Latched Alarm AL.A Ack Alarm	AL	Yes
18	d2	Out2 hysteresis	0.1 ÷ 999 E.U.	1	Yes
17	d1	Out1 hysteresis or neutral zone	0.1 ÷ 999 E.U.	1	Yes
16	When: o1F = on.H or o1F = on.C	no Not used HAL Absolute high alarm LAL Absolute low alarm b.AL Band alarm (simmetric to the set point) dHA Deviation high alarm dLA Deviation low alarm SP.C SP2 ON/OFF control with cooling action SPH SP2 ON/OFF control with heating action nr ON/OFF neutral zone	No	Yes	
When:	When: o1F = H.rE or o1F = C.rE	HAL Absolute high alarm LAL Absolute low alarm b.AL Band alarm (simmetric to the set point) dHA Deviation high alarm dLA Deviation low alarm			