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mod. IO-CB
M.I. IOD-CB-3/19.03

Cod.: ISTR-MI-S2-CBDIG-ENG

## Installation Manual

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- General description
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CANopen
Digital I/O Modules

IO-CB/DI-16LV: 16 Isolated Digital Inputs
IO-CB/DI-16HV: 16 Isolated Digital Inputs 120Vac IO-CB/DI-32LV: 32 Isolated Digital Inputs IO-CB/DM-08TS: 8 Digital Programmable Inputs/Outputs
IO-CB/DM-16TS: 16 Digital Programmable Inputs/Outputs
IO-CB/DM-32TS: 32 Digital Programmable Inputs/Outputs
IO-CB/DO-04RL: 4 Relay Digital Outputs
IO-CB/DO-08RL: 8 Relay Digital Outputs
IO-CB/D0-04TX: 4 High Power Digital Outputs
IO-CB/DO-16TS: 16 Isolated Digital Outputs
IO-CB/DO-32TS: 32 Isolated Digital Outputs


1 - Model identification label (on the back side of the module) 2 - DIN RAIL $35 \times 7.5$ (EN50022)
3-2 male 11 pole plugs, pitch 5.0 mm
4-2 + 2 female, 11 pole, fast snap-ON connectors, pitch 5.0 mm , with screw or spring terminals to connect the power supply or the I/O (accessory)
5 - Two RJ45 plugs to connect the fieldbus
6 - CANopen cable with two RJ45 connectors (accessory)
7 - RJ45 plugs with internal termination circuitry (accessory)
$8-2$ rotary switches having 16 positions to set Node ID and Baud rate 9 - Removable and writable label to identify the connected I/O (TAG number) 10-4 status LEDs: identify the diagnostic and the module status 11-Additional terminal block $2 \times 11$ poles (accessory)

## Accessories

Power supply 24 Vdc
APS2ALNDR75-24-75 W 3.5 A APS2ALEDR12024-120 W 5 A APS2ALNDR240-24-240 W 10 A


11 poles connectors
With screw terminals: APS2SPINAV11 With spring terminals: APS2SPINAM11


Additional terminal block APS2TB2111

Field bus cables with RJ45 connectors
140 mm : APS2LOCALBUS76
220 mm: APS2LOCALBUS152
500 mm : APS2LOCALBUS500


Connector with termination circuitry

APS2TERMCAN


## Electrical connections

## Terminals connections and plugs

## DI-16LV



D0-04TX


DI-16HV


## DM-32TS



|  | Description | Terminals | CANopen |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flexible cable section: |  | $0.2 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ AWG24... AWG12 | CAT 5 UTP, $8 \times$ AWG24 |
| , L | Stripped wire | Screw: 7mm; Spring: 10 mm | RJ45 mounting tool |
| —— | Flat blade screwdriver | $0.6 \times 3.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| ¢ | Tightening torque | 0.5... 0.6 Nm |  |

## Power supply (except DO-04TX)



- 24Vdc (-15... +25\%), 2.5W max.
- The power supply terminals A9 - B9, A10 - B10, A11 B11 are internally connected; in this way it is possible to bring the power supply to other modules using terminals A10, A11 and B10, B11.
Functional earth terminal. This type of earthing does not protect against electrical shocks.


## Power supply warnings

$\triangle$ Please note that the maximum current capacity for each terminal is 8 A
© Make sure that the overall current absorption (modules and field devices) matches the power supply
© In order to avoid excessive voltage drops, install the most power consuming modules closer to the power supply.

## Power supply (DO-04TX)



24Vdc (-15...+25\%), 3W max. The module is powered by the terminals A8 (3L+ = +24Vdc) and A 11 ( $\mathrm{M}-=0 \mathrm{Vdc}$ ).

- The power supply terminals of the channels, $\mathrm{A} 3(1 \mathrm{~L}+)$, A8 (3L+), B3 (2L+), B8 (4L+), are not internally connected as each output channel may switch up to 6 A .
- For the correct functioning of the loads, connect each load to its proper 0 V : terminals 1 M - for channel 1, 2M- for channel 2, 3Mfor channel $3,4 \mathrm{M}$ - for channel 4.
Functional earth terminal. This type of earthing does not protect against electrical shocks.

Additional terminal block APS2TB2111 (DO-32TX connections)

DO-04TX I/O module


Terminals of connectors C and D are connected to +24 Vdc in order to power the different sections of the D0-04TX I/O module


## DI-xxLV

Source (PNP) device


- Respect the polarity.

When present the shield must be connected to a proper earth (at only one end);
If the input device needs to be powered by the module, verify that the current consumption does not exceed the power supply limits.
$\triangle 120 \mathrm{Vca}$ Digital Inputs 1... 16 Type II (EN61131-2)

120 VAC inputs


## $\triangle$ Danger

High voltage inputs, pay extreme attention to these input connections.
$\triangle$ Terminal A9 (CM1) is the common (neutral) terminal of the 120 Vac digital inputs $1 . .8$ (at terminals A1...A8); terminal A 10 (CM2) is the common (neutral) terminal of the 120Vac digital inputs 9... 16 (at terminals B1...B8)
$\triangle$ Respect the polarity shown, each common terminal is shared by 8 digital inputs.

## DI-16HV

## c $\epsilon \quad$ Electric safety and electromagnetic compatibility

Class II instrument, rear panel mounting. This instrument has been designed in compliance with:
Regulations on electrical equipment: according to regulations on the essential protection requirements in electrical equipment EN 61010-1 Regulations on Electromagnetic Compatibility according to:

- Regulations on RF emissions:

EN61000-6-4 industrial environments;

- Regulation on RF immunity: EN61000-6-2 industrial equipment and system.

It is important to understand that it's responsibility of the installer to ensure the compliance of the regulations on safety requirements and EMC. This controller has no user serviceable parts and requires special equipments and specialised engineers to be repaired. For this purpose, the manufacturer provides technical assistance and the repair service for its Customers. Please, contact your nearest Agent for further information. All the information and warnings about safety and electromagnetic compatibility are marked with the $\Delta c \in$ sign, at the side of the note.

## Before installing the module read the following instructions

## Precautions

All wirings must comply with the local regulations

- The supply wiring should be routed away from the power cables
- Avoid to use electromagnetic contactors, power relays and high power motors nearby - Avoid power units nearby, especially if controlled in phase angle
Keep the low level sensor input wires away from the power lines and the output cables. If this is not achievable, use shielded cables on the sensor input, with the shield connected to earth.
- Each of 8 channels can be set through the MODBUS as either input or output
- Output 3 and 4 can be configured as PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) output or pulse output
- In order to protect the output circuits, clamp diodes are installed in the module. However, when high inductive loads are to be switched or when more loads are to be switched at the same time, external damping circuits should to be provided.


## Source (PNP) digital output 24Vdc 0.5A



Additional terminal block

24 Vdc inputs,

- Respect the polarity;
- When present the shield must be connected to a proper earth at one end using, for example, the additional terminal block TB-211-1;
- Inputs 1 and 2 can be set to enable the following functions:
- pulse counting measuremens;
- pulse frequency measurements;
- pulse width measurements.


## DM-xxTS





## Bit Rate/Node ID configuration/CAN signals

| Bit rate |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lo switch | Baud rate | Bus length |
| 1 | 20 kbps | 2500 m |
| 2 | 50 kbps | 1000 m |
| 3 | 100 kbps | 500 m |
| 4 | 125 kbps | 500 m |
| 5 | 250 kbps | 250 m |
| 6 * | 500 kbps | 100 m |
| 7 | 800 kbps | 50 m |
| 8 | 1000 kbps | 25 m |
| Node ID |  |  |
| Hi switch | Lo switch | Valid ID node |
| 0 | 01h | address 1) |
| 0 | 02h | address 2) |
| $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| F | F 7fh | (address 127D)* |

## CAN Signals

The signals present in the two RJ45 connectors are connected in parallel in order to link the modules to CAN.

| Pin | Signal |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | CANH |
| 2 | CANL |
| 3 | GNDCAN |
| 4 | Reserved |
| 5 | Reserved |
| 6 | GNDSHLD (1) |
| 7 | GNDCAN |
| 8 | CANV+ |

(1) Shield to protect the communication cables (when the bus network is longer than 100 m ).

## Procedure for Node ID and Bit Rate configuration

The HI and LO hexadecimal rotary swithches set the module's Bit Rate and CAN Node ID. During the configuration, the module must be off line and the CAN bus must be physically disconnected.
To configure the module, follow the procedure:
1 Turn the Power OFF
2 Set the HI switch to "F"
3 Select the desired Bit Rate value by setting the $\mathbf{L O}$ switch following the table (e.g. "8" for 1 Mbps )

4 Turn the Power ON
5 Shift the HI switch to "E" (all the module service LEDs should flash)
6 Turn the Power OFF. Now configure Node ID
7 Set the $\mathbf{H I}$ and LO switches to the desired valid Node ID following the table 8 Turn the Power ON.
Alternatively, at step 7 set the value 00 h . Then, at the next Power 0 N , the last valid stored value will be resumed as Node ID.
Default values: $\quad$ Bit Rate $=500 \mathrm{kbps}$, Node ID $=127 \mathrm{D}$

## Hot swapping the modules

Node ID and Baud rate of the new module must already be correctly set. The procedure to minimize the CAN disconnection time follows:
1 Remove all the cabled connectors from their plugs (item 4 in "General description" paragraph), do not extract the RJ45 connectors yet;
2 Remove the module from the DIN rail;
3 Mount the new and already configured module on the DIN rail;
4 Extract the left side RJ45 connector from the module and insert it in the new module;
5 Extract the right side RJ45 connector from the module and insert it in the new module
6 Insert all the cabled connectors in the new module.

